An Impact Study on Fostering Future Leadership for Innovation to Meet Global Challenges

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Abstract: Fostering future leadership is a critical endeavor aimed at cultivating and nurturing the skills, qualities, and mindset required for individuals to assume leadership roles in the dynamic landscape of the future. This concept goes beyond traditional leadership models, emphasizing adaptability, innovation, and a holistic understanding of the interconnected global challenges.

In the contemporary world, leadership extends beyond hierarchical structures and embraces diversity, collaboration, and inclusivity. Fostering future leaders involves providing them with the tools to navigate complexity, make ethical decisions, and inspire positive change. It encompasses educational strategies, mentorship programs, and experiential learning opportunities that empower individuals to develop the critical thinking and emotional intelligence needed for effective leadership.

Future leaders must be equipped to address pressing issues such as technological disruptions, environmental sustainability, and social justice. They should possess a forward-thinking mindset, embracing innovation and embracing change as opportunities for growth. Fostering these qualities requires a combination of education, exposure to real-world challenges, and cultivating empathy and cultural intelligence.

Moreover, cultivating future leadership involves encouraging a sense of responsibility and ethical conduct. Leaders must understand the impact of their decisions on diverse stakeholders and be committed to creating positive outcomes for both their organizations and society at large. This involves instilling values such as integrity, resilience, and a commitment to lifelong learning.

By nurturing individuals who are adaptable, ethically grounded, and capable of addressing global challenges, we ensure that leadership continues to evolve and meet the demands of an ever-changing world. It is a journey that requires collaboration across educational institutions, businesses, and communities to collectively shape leaders who will contribute to a sustainable and inclusive future, positive change.

The researcher’s purpose of this study was to cultivate future leadership which involves encouraging a sense of responsibility and ethical conduct.

Keywords: Transformational Leadership, Incremental Innovation, Knowledge Sharing, Individual Creativity, Human Resource Management

1. INTRODUCTION

Innovation and creativity are often used interchangeably, but they possess distinct characteristics that, when harnessed collectively, can lead to groundbreaking achievements. Creativity is the wellspring of ideas, the ability to think divergently and see connections between seemingly unrelated concepts. Innovation, on the other hand, is the practical application of these creative ideas to bring about tangible change and improvement.

Open-mindedness, Innovative leaders are receptive to new ideas, regardless of their source. They understand that innovation can come from any corner of the organization, and they actively seek input from diverse perspectives.
Risk-taking: Innovation inherently involves risk, as it often requires departing from traditional methods. Innovative leaders are comfortable with calculated risks and understand that failure is a stepping stone toward.

When innovative leadership becomes ingrained in an organization's DNA, the results can be transformative. Organizations become more agile in responding to market shifts, more effective in solving complex problems, and more attractive to top talent. The synergy of creative thinking and innovative implementation propels companies towards breakthrough products, services, and strategies that set them apart from the competition.

2. STATEMENT OF PROBLEMS

The statements that they encourage employees to work as a team, cooperate within the group and build interdepartmental networks (mean of 5.97) and that they promote innovative behavior among employees and encourage them to express their own ideas (mean score of 5.83) also rated high. Moreover, the fact that people hired by the leaders are seen as those who can make a significant contribution to the company’s development was rated high (mean of 5.90). The results show that leaders highly regard their role in stimulating innovative activity.

The traditional programs no longer adequately prepare executives for the challenges they face today and those they will face tomorrow. Companies are seeking the communicative, interpretive, affective, and perceptual skills needed to lead coherent, proactive collaboration.

3. LITERATURE REVIEW

Digital disruption is rapidly changing how people live, socialize, and work (Nyagadza, 2022). The digitalization of products and services is a global megatrend that is fundamentally changing existing value chains (Collin, 2015). In almost all industries, companies have initiated several projects to explore new digital technologies and leverage their benefits (Matt et al., 2015). Digital technologies often have a significant impact on companies as they are embedded in the core of their products, services, and operations (Yoo et al., 2012).

The potential benefits of digitalization for businesses are manifold, ranging from value creation to improved operations. Companies can succeed in digital transformation by focusing on two complementary dimensions. Firstly, digital technologies can transform internal operations, innovate manufacturing processes, and optimize internal value chains (Matt et al., 2015; Vogelsang et al., 2018). Secondly, these technologies can reshape external dimensions such as customer value propositions and the creation of new products and services (Coreynen et al., 2016; Loonam et al., 2018).

In today's digital age, organizations must embrace digital transformation to stay competitive. However, many companies are not fully prepared to face the challenges that come with digitalization. One of the major challenges is introducing digital technology to an organization, which requires restructuring of business processes and organizational structures. This can be difficult for employees who may not be accustomed to the changes (Almeida et al., 2020; Ashurst et al., 2008).

Moreover, the rapid changes arising from digitalization lead to high levels of uncertainty within organizations, which can cause anxiety and confusion among employees. Therefore, it is necessary for leaders to take advantage of digital opportunities in a rapidly changing business environment (Kraus et al., 2021). However, the role of leadership in digital transformation is still relatively unknown, despite its crucial role in successfully coping with digitalization (Coreynen et al., 2016; Kotter, 2000; Matt et al., 2015; Schwertner, 2017; Westerman et al., 2014b).

While there is some scientific research on the topic of leadership characteristics for digital transformation and digital leadership (El Sawy et al., 2016; Guzmán et al., 2020; Porfirio et al., 2021), the articles do not address the different digitalization dimensions of the companies’ internal and external perspective. El Sawy et al. (2016) focus on the specific use case at the company LEGO, while Guzmán et al. (2020) only outline leadership skills from the internal digitalization perspective. Furthermore, Porfirio et al. (2021) do not specifically describe leadership in their research.
Overall, organizations need to recognize the challenges and opportunities that come with digital transformation. Leaders must play a crucial role in guiding their organizations through the digital transformation process and must possess the necessary skills and knowledge to succeed.

4. Objectives

The leader allows the followers to be innovative and even self-directed within the scope of individual-follower assignments and allows the followers to learn from their own as well as others’ successes, mistakes, and failures along the process of completing the organization’s

- To examine the concept of innovation leadership and its relevance in the current business environment.
- To identify the challenges and opportunities of innovation leadership across the world.
- To analyze case studies that illustrate the benefits and limitations of innovation leadership.
- To provide recommendations for leaders who want to implement innovation leadership in their organizations.

3.1. Research Methodology

Explore the challenges and opportunities of innovation leadership across the world. The data for this research report was collected from secondary sources, including academic journals, books, and online resources. The data was analyzed using thematic analysis.

3.2. Scope of the Research Study

Developing educational applications out of their generic technology, as part of a diverse project range. While the major non-specialist firms (those with fewer than 5% of their patents in that category) predominated in education-related patent applications, there is evidence that an innovation-intensive industry specializing in education is emerging.

5. Hypothesis

Innovative work behavior is the mediator between empowering leadership and sustainable economic performance. And purpose is to empower to create a learning organizational atmosphere aimed at innovating, revolutionizing, and leading the industry.

6. Remarks and Recommendation

The studies that have examined relative or incremental effects suggest that different leader variables do not contribute equally, whereas some of the assumptions studies showed that transactional leadership had a significant negative association with innovation losing practicality to implement.

7. Results and Discussions

Conclusion: fostering future leadership is an essential investment in building a resilient and progressive society. By nurturing individuals who are adaptable, ethically grounded, and capable of addressing global challenges, we ensure that leadership continues to evolve and meet the demands of an ever-changing world. It is a journey that requires collaboration across educational institutions, businesses, and communities to collectively shape leaders who will contribute to a sustainable and inclusive future.

Conceptualizing creativity and innovation, but we return to it in the measurement section of our review. As discussed there, the lack of care regarding the conceptualization of the two constructs has had a negative effect on the quality of measurement tools available to researchers, which is one of the biggest factors preventing the field from fulfilling its potential.

8. Limitations

A clear aim for future research is to address this gap. For example, studies might investigate how leaders can develop skills and knowledge through developmental feedback and knowledge-sharing strategies, which should allow them to acquire and use creativity-relevant skills, strategies, and knowledge.
REFERENCES


AUTHOR’S BIOGRAPHY

Dr. N Subbbu Krishna Sastry, typically conduct research, analyze data, and write about their findings within their respective fields of study which play a crucial role in advancing knowledge and contributing to the academic community by sharing found discovery and insights through peer-review.


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